

(12) United States Patent Go et al.

(10) Patent No.:

US 6,466,706 B1

(45) Date of Patent:

Oct. 15, 2002

(54) PULSED SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR FIBER OPTIC SENSOR

(75) Inventors: Vinson L. Go, Raleigh, NC (US);
Daniel L. Baker, Voluntown, CT (US)

(73) Assignee: The United States of America as represented by the Secretary of the Navy, Washington, DC (US)

(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 71 days.

(21) Appl. No.: 09/685,150

(56)

(22) Filed: Oct. 11, 2000

References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

4,818,064 A	•	4/1989	Youngquist et al 350/96.15
4,995,697 A	•	2/1991	Adamovsky 350/96.29
5,051,965 A	٠	9/1991	Poorman
5,917,597 A	•	6/1999	Hall et al 385/12

* cited by examiner

Primary Examiner—Georgia Epps
Assistant Examiner—Richard Hanig
(74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm—Michael J. McGowan;
Michael F. Oglo; James M. Kasischke

(57) ABSTRACT

A system and method is disclosed for generating, propagating, and detecting light pulses for use with a fiber optic transducer array. The system preferably uses two pulses to provide fixed and relatively short interferometer path differences to thereby reduce coherent light noise. The system preferably uses a surface acoustic wave device for chirping the light pulses to thereby spread noise over a wider bandwidth so as to suppress noise. A coherent light source is preferably amplitude modulated to produce an initial pulse. In one embodiment, that initial pulse is chirped and split into two pulses. One of the two pulses is delayed while the other is frequency shifted. The two pulses are combined onto a single fiber optic path and applied to the fiber optic transducer array. After being acted on by the fiber optic transducer array, the two pulses are photodetected and processed to obtain the information about the physical phenomena to be detected.

15 Claims, 2 Drawing Sheets



